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Title of South-South and triangular cooperation (SSTC) good practice: Peer-to-peer mechanisms and triangular cooperation elevated the employment dimensions of Just Transition discussions in CEE

Countries involved (please add more that one country): Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia, Kosovo, Montenegro, North Macedonia, with participation of EU member States

Montenegro, North Macedonia, with participation of EU member States	
South-South	The initiative intended to strengthen the employment dimension of just
Objective (s)	transition debates in Western Balkan non-EU countries. It aimed to support
. ,	ministries in charge of labour, social partners, and other institutions in
	playing a stronger role in the NDC frameworks and climate policy
	negotiations, so that job creation, social protection, and labour market
	policies can be integrated into just transition strategies.
South-South	The cooperation brought together ministries, employers' and workers'
Cooperation	organizations, public employment services, SMEs, statistical offices, and
objectives	value chain actors from the Western Balkans economies. Peer learning
	happened especially between North Macedonia, Montenegro, Bosnia and
	Herzegovina, and Serbia. Triangular cooperation was developed with EU
	institutions and social partner organizations from the EU.
Effectiveness of	The methodology relied on small peer-to-peer working groups for the
the South-South	formulation of position papers, research and analysis, joint workshops, and
/ peer learning	regional learning events. Knowledge-sharing on green jobs definitions,
methodological	national diagnostics, and employment implications of climate policies
approach	created a shared understanding. Peer review and validation processes made
	the approach participatory, while triangular exchanges with EU actors
	enriched the discussions, by highlighting good practices and potential
	stumbling blocks with respect to the accession process.
Innovation	The initiative introduced employment-focused diagnostics and other
	assessments and reviews to strengthen the position of social partners and
	ministries in charge of labour in just transition debates, NDC frameworks,
	and climate policy negotiations. These debates are were often dominated
	only by environmental perspectives. Empowered with new evidence and a
	better understanding of the linkages between decent work and climate
	policies, ministries in charge of labour and social partners in North
	Macedonia and Montenegro were invited to join the existing working
	groups, led by ministries in charge of environment and energy, with
	responsibility for NDC and climate negotiations. Additionally, the initiative
	innovated by mapping the E-waste sector in selected cuntries. These sectoral
	pilots demonstrated how just transition policies could be linked with value
	chains and SME support.
South-South	Sustainability was ensured by anchoring the practice within EU accession
Sustainability	processes (such as in Bosnia and Herzegovina) and joint programmes with
	other entities, such as GIZ, in North Macedonia and Montenegro. Capacity
	building of social partners and ministries in charge of labour enables their
	active participation in the working groups established by the ministries of
	energy and environment, allowing the practice to continue beyond the
South-South	funding period. The good practice could be extended to other EU accession countries or
Adaptability	The good practice could be extended to other EU accession countries or regions facing similar gaps in employment-oriented climate strategies. The
Auaptability	necessary conditions included functioning social dialogue mechanisms,
	institutional readiness to engage in climate negotiations, and regional value
	chain cooperation (as with E-waste). The triangular modality with EU
	, , ,
	partners made it adaptable to other regions with strong EU trade linkages.

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South-South	Created peer-learning mechanisms samong Western Balkan
Results	economies and triangular cooperation with EU member States.
	Piloted green employment diagnostics.
	• Strengthened the role of social partners in climate negotiations,
	including with regard to the NDC framework.
	Mapped E-waste value chains in Bosnia and Herzegovina and
	Serbia, laying foundations for regional job-creating partnerships.
	Enabled cross-country learning and set up a nucleus for a sub-
	regional network of practitioners on Just Transition.
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	ILO DWT/CO-Budapest - https://www.ilo.org/regions-and-countries/europe-
	and-central-asia/ilo-office-central-and-eastern-europe A just transition that
	works for business is up for discussion in the Western Balkans International
	<u>Labour Organization</u>
Funding Sources	SSTC-RBTC funds, which catalyzed additional development cooperation
Explain the origin	funding.
of funds	
Materials and	
Web-links.	Photo @ILO: Peer Learning Activity led by ILO Budapest