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Title of South-South and triangular cooperation (SSTC) good practice: Promoted a gender-responsive just transition through knowledge-sharing and peer learning for COP29 (Azerbaijan) and COP30 (Brazil)

Countries involved (please add more that one country): Azerbaijan, Armenia, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, Ukraine, Moldova, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia, with international partners from the United Kingdom, China, Arab States, Brazil, and the Santiago Network.

Brazii, and the Santiago	
South-South	The initiative intended to strengthen cooperation among Europe and
Objective (s)	Central Asia countries and partners from the Global South to respond to
	climate change challenges. It aimed to promote gender-responsive just
	transition policies, increase resilience, and enhance decent work
	opportunities by sharing knowledge and building capacity on renewable
	energy, green jobs, and sustainable enterprise development.
South-South	The cooperation connected ministries of labour, ecology, and economy,
Cooperation	employers' and workers' organizations, local communities, academia, and
between institutions	social dialogue institutions across the region. International partners such
and countries to	as the UK (Glasgow Dialogue), China (BRI low-carbon energy
achieve the	development), Brazil (Amazon bioeconomy), Arab States, and the
objectives	Santiago Network participated. They interacted through regional
	workshops, peer-learning platforms, and technical working groups
	facilitated by the ILO offices in Moscow and Budapest.
Effectiveness of the	The project used peer learning and scenario analysis as its main
South-South / peer	methodologies. Countries shared experiences, discussed energy transition
learning	and just transition scenarios, and validated recommendations in
methodological	participatory workshops. Social dialogue institutions and tripartite
approach	committees exchanged good practices and challenges, which created an
прргоден	inclusive peer-to-peer process and strengthened regional solidarity.
Innovation	The initiative introduced a regional enterprise and just transition network
Innovation	that linked climate action with decent work and gender equality. It
	innovated by combining knowledge-sharing on green jobs, renewable
	energy, and water ecosystems with international experiences such as the
	Amazon bioeconomy and China's BRI. The integration of gender-
	responsive analysis into just transition planning also made the practice
South-South	relevant for broader contexts.
	Sustainability was ensured by embedding the practice within ILO's
Sustainability	regional strategy, the Just Transition Action Plan (2024–2025), and
	ongoing COP processes. Regional workshops, technical groups, and
	integration into national social dialogue mechanisms allowed the
	cooperation to last beyond individual activities. The approach aligned with
	long-term UNSDCF commitments of participating countries.
C41, C41,	The analysis and the standard in advanced an analysis of the standard in the s
South-South	The practice could be adapted in other regions where countries faced
Adaptability	similar climate and labour challenges. Conditions included political
	commitment to just transition, functioning social dialogue institutions, and
	willingness of partners to share knowledge. The triangular modality also
	allowed flexibility to replicate the model in Asia, Latin America, or
	Africa.
South-South	Raised awareness and capacity of national constituents on just transition
Results	and gender equality.

Developed and validated comparative studies and recommendations on green jobs and energy transition in 2–3 countries. Promoted regional knowledge-sharing through a major workshop before COP29 in Baku and continuous engagement towards COP30 in Brazil. Enhanced cooperation between European and Central Asian countries and international partners such as the UK, China, Brazil, and the Santiago Network. Strengthened institutional capacity of employers' and workers' organizations in Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, and Kyrgyzstan. **Contact details** Multilateral Partnerships and Development Cooperation Department (PARTNERSHIPS) – partnerships@ilo.org – www.ilo.org/partnerships ILO DWT/CO-Moscow - https://www.ilo.org/ilo-office-eastern-europeand-central-asia **Funding Sources** SSTC-RBTC funds Explain the origin of funds Materials and Webhttps://southsouthpoint.net/2024/07/09/knowledge-sharing-and-peerlearning-under-south-south-and-triangular-cooperation-towards-cop29-inlinks baku-azerbaijan/ https://southsouthpoint.net/2024/07/25/promoting-a-gender-responsivejust-transition-through-knowledge-sharing-and-peer-learning-under-southsouth-and-triangular-cooperation-sstc-for-cop29-azerbaijan-and-cop30brazil/ https://southsouthpoint.net/2024/07/31/future-leaders-in-the-world-ofwork-south-south-university-tackle-green-jobs-and-climate-change-insouth-south-cooperation-a-roadmap-to-cop29-and-a-bridge-to-cop30/ https://southsouthpoint.net/2024/08/27/tripartite-constituents-andnational-stakeholders-are-getting-prepared-for-cop29-and-extensivelydiscussing-the-just-energy-transition-agenda/